

## PREFACE

|  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> -pog jo วขuวsaid <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  аци Ку!иоsıad очм inq 'זाए <br>  <br>  'snsar pue 'siayio of snoureyu! pue auros ol snowey sem иoә[oden 'pu!̣u јо әрп!!ие ue pue sәouels -uñi! uodn su!puadəp 'əreus e pue uo!snipp <br>  |
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Lord of all pots and pans and things . . . Make me a saint by getting meals

 God in the vigil of prayer and penance. He died a eighty years of age, full of love and years and honored by all who knew him, leaving a name which has been "as precious ointment poured forth."

This little record of his rnind and heart is made up of notes of several conversations with him and letters written by him, set in order by M. Beaufort,

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 have longed.

We publish it as a unique record of one who


 -punors pamoाiey sem pay!em ay danarayм tanay lle showed us how, at any moment and in any circumstance, the soul that seeks God may find 1 Him , and practice the presence of God.

Such a story, such an accomplishment, should


CONVERSATIONS 17




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 further trouble.

That to arrive at such resignation as God requires, we should watch attentively over all the


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 ought no more to visit him.

## NOLLUSAaANO. đNODaIS





 ouly, and nothing else, not even His gifts.

 then he received strength more than sufficient.

That when he had failed in his duty, he only



 about it.

That we ought to act with God in the greatest simplicity, speaking to Him frankly and plainly, se jsn! 'sn!eye mo u! әouegs!sse s! H su!uolduu! pue they happen. That God never failed to grant it, as he had often experienced.

That he had been lately sent into Burgundy, to чэ!чм 'Кәə!
 pute әurie sem әч כsnejaq pue 'ssouisnq roj um ou

 әџ jo әsequand ap jnoqe rou' 'i! moqe ssounstaun
 was about, and that he afterward found it very well performed. That he had been sent into Auvergne,
 could not tell how the matter passed, but that it proved very well.

## 18 The Practice of the Presence of God

 certain belief that he should be damned; that all the men in the world could not have persuaded him to the contrary; but that he had thus reasoned with














 әм 'ш! must first apply to Him with some diligence; but
 inwardly excite us to it without any difficulty.

 'ı! נnoqe Kseaun jou sem әч teyl 3 mq !8uupyns
 әцр ш!


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 soon as we perceived their impertinence to the matter in hand, or our salvation, and return to our communion with God.

That at the beginning he had often passed his
 thoughts and falling back into them. That he could


 off, in a manner he could give no account of.




 thungs for His sake.

That we ought to make a great difference between the acts of the understanding and those of the will, that the first were comparatively of little value,
 love and delight ourselves in God.

That all possible kinds of mortification, if they

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## SNOLLYSAEANOS

thought of God for a good while, he did not disquiet
 os ч!! much the greater trust in Him as he had found himself wretched through forgetting Him.
That the trust we put in God honors Him much and draws down great graces.
That it was impossible not only that God should deceive, but also that He should long let a soul suffer which is perfectly resigned to Him , and resolved to endure everything for His sake.
That he had so often experienced the ready succors of divine grace upon all occasions, that


 mirror, all that was fit for him to do. That of late he had acted thus, without anticipating care; but before the experience above mentioned, he had used it in his affairs.
When outward business diverted him a little from the thought of God, a fresh remembrance coming from God invested his soul, and so inflamed and tamsported him that it was difficult for him to untain himself.
That he was more united to God in his outward employments than when he left them for devotion and retirement.

## pog fo avuasadd ayl fo ampon, a all ZZ

were void of the love of God, could not efface a
 јо poolq әцр woif suls no jo uopred әч1 loadxa


 signal monuments of His mercy.

That the greatest pains or pleasures of this world were not to be compared with what he had experi-

 only one thing of God, viz., that he might not offend Him.


 to myself. If I fail not, then I give God thanks, -u!







CONVERSATIONS
going to God, but only a heart resolutely determined
to apply itself to nothing but Him, or for His sake,
and to love Him only.

## FOURTH CONVERSATION

 openness of heart, concerning his manner of going to God, whereof some part is related already.

He told me that all consists in one hearty renunciation of everything which we are sensible does not

 in simplicity. That we need only to recognize God




 them, and giving Him thanks when we have done.
 employed in praising, adoring, and loving Him incessantly, for His infinite goodness and perfection. That, without being discouraged on account of our nins, we should pray for His grace with a perfect confidence, as relying upon the infinite merits of our Lord Jesus Christ. That God never failed offering us


24 The Practice of the Presence of God
 body or mind; that the worst that could happen to him was to lose that sense of God which he had enjoyed
 р give him strength to bear whatever evil He permitted
 КроqKue ч!! about his state. That when he had attempted to do it,

 јо ио!̣suәy danger. That perfect resignation to God was a sure way to heaven, a way in which he had always sufficient light for our conduct.




 that everything became easy.

That many do not advance in the Christian progress because they stick in penances and partic-
 which is the end. That this appeared plainly by their works, and was the reason why we see so little solid virtue.

10
That there needed neither art nor science fo
that God would give him somewhat to suffer when he should grow stronger.

That we ought, once for all, heartily to put our whole trust in God, and make a total surrender of ourselves to Him, secure that He would not deceive us.
That we ought not to be weary of doing little things for the love of God, who regards not the greatness of the work, but the love with which it is



 and to our exceeding great delight.

That the whole substance of religion was faith,
 become united to the will of God; that all besides is
 urrive at our end, and be swallowed up therein, by faith and charity.

That all things are possible to him who believes; that they are less difficult to him who hopes; that they are more easy to him who loves and still more easy to him who perseveres in the practice of these three virtues.
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 of God we can possibly be, as we hope to be dhrough all eternity.

## 26 The Practice of the Presence of God

it, and never failed of it, unless when his thoughts had wandered from a sense of.God's presence, or he had forgotten to ask His assistance.
 when we had no other design but to please Him. That our sanctification did not depend upon changing our works, but in doing that for God's sake which we commonly do for our own. That it




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God, so as to convince his mind of, and to impress deeply upon his heart, the divine existence, rather by devout sentiments, and submission to the lights
 meditations. That by this short and sure method he exercised himself in the knowledge and love of
 a continual sense of His presence, and, if possible never to forget Him more.

That when he had thus in prayer filled his mind


 severally the things his office required, and when әч) intervals of his time, as well before as after his work, in prayer.
That when he began his business, he said to God,
 with me, and I must now, in obedience to Thy commands, apply my mind to these outward things,
 au sadsosd noy,L op pua s!y! os put !asuasa,d к!! with Thy assistance, receive all my works, and possess all my affections.

As he proceeded in his work he continued his familiar conversation with his Maker, imploring Hin grace, and offering to Him all his actions.

## The Practice of the Presence of God <br> $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$

30 The Practice of the Presence of God
When he had finished he examined himself how he had discharged his duty; if he found well, he returned thanks to God; if otherwise, he asked pardon, and, without being discouraged, he set his mind right again, and continued his exercise of the presence of God as if he had never deviated from it. "Thus," said he, "by rising after my falls, and by frequently renewed acts of faith and love, I am come to a state wherein it would be as difficult for me not to think of God as it was at first to accustom myself to it."
As Brother Lawrence had found such an advantage in walking in the presence of God, it was natural for him to recommend it earnestly to others; but his example was a stronger inducement than any arguments he could propose. His very countenance was edifying, such a sweet and calm devotion appearing in it as could not but affect the beholders. And it was observed that in the greatest hurry of
 lection and heavenly-mindedness. He was never hasty nor loitering, but did each thing in its season, with an even, uninterrupted composure and tran-
 "does not with me differ from the time of prayer; several persons are at the same time calling for different things, I possess God in as great tranquillity as if II were upon my knees at the blessed sacrament."

